

Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

Date of issue: 06/02/2014 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : Ammonia Inhalant Solution

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : OTC drug used to treat or prevent fainting

Use of the substance/mixture : For professional use only

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

James Alexander Corporation 845 Route 94 Blairstown NJ 07825

Tel: (908) 362-9266

Note: The CHEMTREC emergency number is to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident involving chemicals. All non-emergency questions should be directed to JAC at (908) 362-9266.

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Chemtrec (800) 424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Skin Corr. 1B H314 Eye Dam. 1 H318 Carc. 1A H350

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)







GHS02 GHS05

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H350 - May cause cancer

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks. - No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge P260 - Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, spray, vapours

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling

P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves

P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

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P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P321 - Specific treatment (see on this label)

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide

(CO2), water spray, sand, earth for extinction

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with applicable local, national and international

regulation.

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Ethyl alcohol	(CAS No) 64-17-5	30 - 40	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Carc. 1A, H350
Ammonia	(CAS No) 7664-41-7	15 - 20	Flam. Gas 2, H221 Compressed gas, H280 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas), H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general

: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing stops, give artificial respiration. In case of breathing difficulties administer oxygen. by trained personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Do not rub the skin and eyes after direct contact with the product. Seek medical attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion

: If the person is fully conscious, make him/her drink water. Never give an unconscious person anything to drink. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious).

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries

: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. This material or its emissions may affect the central nervous system and/or aggravate pre-existing disorders.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation

: May cause cancer by inhalation. Prolonged and repeated inhalation of decomposition products may cause a pulmonary oedema. Depression of the central nervous system, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination. Irritating to the respiratory system, may cause throat pain and cough. Difficulty in breathing.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact

: May cause severe burns.

Computerne, injuries after in posting

: Causes serious eye damage. Can cause blindness.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion

: May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract. Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol resistant foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Explosion hazard : May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Reactivity Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapours. Reacts violently with acids. An

exothermic reaction may occur.

Advice for firefighters 5.3.

: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any Firefighting instructions

chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protective equipment for firefighters : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Other information Containers may swell and Burst during a fire due to internal pressure caused by heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapours. Alcohols burn with a pale blue flame which may be extremely hard to see under normal lighting conditions. Personnel may be able to feel the heat of the fire without seeing

flames. Extreme caution must be exercised in fighting alcohol fires.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No naked lights. No smoking. Stop leak if safe to do so. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Wear protective clothing. For further information refer to section 8: Exposure-controls/personal protection.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Ventilate area. **Emergency procedures**

6.2. **Environmental precautions**

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect

Reference to other sections

spillage. Store away from other materials. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed

Precautions for safe handling

: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Personal protective equipment should be selected based upon the conditions under which this product is handled or used. Use personal protective equipment as required. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour. Do not breathe gas, fumes, vapour or spray. No naked lights. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Never use pressure to empty container. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Take care to allow internal pressure to escape from container before releasing closures. Remove closure carefully; internal pressure may be present. Keep closure up to prevent leakage. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when

leaving work.

Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or Hygiene measures smoking and when leaving work. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or

smoke when using this product.

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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures

: Use explosion-proof machinery, apparatus, ventilation facilities, tools etc. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. A washing facility/water for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present. Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions

: Keep only in the original container in a cool well ventilated place. Keep in fireproof place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect containers against physical damage. Detached outside storage is preferable. Inside storage should be in an NFPA approved flammable liquids storage room or cabinet. Store in corrosion-proof area at temperatures below 77 degrees F (25oC). Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources.

Incompatible materials

 Avoid mixing with acids, most common metals, strong oxidizing agents, brass, zinc, chlorine, aluminum, copper, bronze, mercury, dimethyl sulfate and acetyl chloride.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Ammonia (7664-41-7)			
USA ACGIH ACGIH TWA (ppm) 25 ppm		25 ppm	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	35 ppm	
USA OSHA OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)		35 mg/m³	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm	

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)			
USA ACGIH ACGIH STEL (ppm) 1000 ppm		1000 ppm	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1900 mg/m³	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm	

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilating equipment.

Personal protective equipment

Avoid all unnecessary exposure. A hazard assessment of the work area for PPE requirements should be conducted by a qualified professional pursuant to OSHA regulations. For certain operations, additional Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) may be required. Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing.







Hand protection

: Wear protective gloves. rubber gloves. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Eye protection

: Chemical goggles or face shield.

Skin and body protection

: Wear suitable protective clothing. Chemical resistant safety shoes.

Respiratory protection

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Suggestions provided in this section for exposure control and specific types of protective equipment are based on readily available information. Users should consult with the specific manufacturer to confirm the performance of their protective equipment. Specific situations may require consultation with industrial hygiene, safety, or engineering professionals. Care must be taken to assure that any respirator chosen is capable of protecting the user from both ammonia and ethyl alcohol vapors.

Other information

: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : Clear.
Colour : Red.

Odour : Pungent ammonia odour.

Odour threshold : No data available pH : No data available Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Melting point : No data available Freezing point : No data available Boiling point : > 35 °C (> 95 °F)

Flash point : < 10 °C (< 50 °F - Pensky Martens Closed Cup)

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available
Vapour pressure : No data available
Relative vapour density at 20 °C : No data available
Relative density : No data available

Density : 0.891 (Specific Gravity @ 25 °C)

Solubility : Soluble in water. Log Pow : No data available : No data available Log Kow Viscosity, kinematic : No data available Viscosity, dynamic No data available Explosive properties No data available Oxidising properties : No data available Explosive limits : No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapours. Reacts violently with acids. An exothermic reaction may occur.

10.2. Chemical stability

Not established.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid mixing with acids, most common metals, strong oxidizing agents, brass, zinc, chlorine, aluminum, copper, bronze, mercury, dimethyl sulfate and acetyl chloride.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition generates: Fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases. Corrosive vapours. Ammonia. Nitrogen oxides. release of highly flammable gases/vapours hydrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

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Ammonia (7664-41-7)		
LD50 oral rat		350 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)		2000 ppm/4h
Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)		
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)		124.7 mg/l (Exposure time: 4 h)
Skin corrosion/irritation	:	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/irritation	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	:	Not classified
		(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Germ cell mutagenicity	:	Not classified
		(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Carcinogenicity	:	May cause cancer.
Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)		
IARC group		1 - Carcinogenic to humans
Reproductive toxicity	:	Not classified
		(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	:	Not classified
		(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated	:	Not classified
exposure)		(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Aspiration hazard	:	Not classified
		(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	:	May cause cancer by inhalation. Prolonged and repeated inhalation of decomposition product may cause a pulmonary oedema. Depression of the central nervous system, headached dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination. Irritating to the respiratory system, may cause through and cough. Difficulty in breathing.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	:	May cause severe burns.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage. Can cause blindness.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion

: May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract. Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. **Toxicity**

Ammonia (7664-41-7)	
LC50 fishes 1	0.44 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio)
EC50 Daphnia 1	25.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 fish 2	0.26 - 4.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus)
Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)	
LC50 fishes 1	12.0 - 16.0 ml/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)
EC50 Daphnia 1	9268 - 14221 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 fish 2	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)
EC50 Daphnia 2	10800 mg/l (Exposure time: 24 h - Species: Daphnia magna)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ammonia Inhalant Solution	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

12.3. **Bioaccumulative potential**

Ammonia Inhalant Solution		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	
Ammonia (7664-41-7)		
Log Pow	-1.14 (at 25 °C)	

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Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)	
Log Pow	-0.32

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations

: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not re-use empty containers. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal.

Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN2924 Flammable liquids, corrosive, n.o.s. (Ammonia, Ethanol), 3, II

UN-No.(DOT) : 2924 DOT NA no. : UN2924

DOT Proper Shipping Name : Flammable liquids, corrosive, n.o.s.

(Ammonia, Ethanol)

Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard

Classes

Hazard labels (DOT)

: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

: 3 - Flammable liquid 8 - Corrosive





DOT Symbols : G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite

(31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

T11 - 6 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.

TP27 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 4 bar (400 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 4 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 150
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 243
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 1 L
(49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 5 L

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location

B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this

section is exceeded.

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DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"

Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

ADR

Transport document description : No additional information available

Transport by sea

No additional information available

Air transport

No additional information available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Ammonia Inhalant Solution	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's	588 lb
List of Lists):	

Ammonia (7664-41-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on SARA Section 302 (Specific toxic chemical listings) Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) :	100 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	500
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 % (includes anhydrous Ammonia and aqueous Ammonia from water dissociable Ammonium salts and other sources, 10% of total aqueous Ammonia is reportable under this listing)

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Ammonia (7664-41-7)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List) inventory.		
WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class E - Corrosive Material	

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List) inventory.		
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects	

EU-Regulations

Ammonia (7664-41-7)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) substances.

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) substances.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Not classified

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Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Not classified

National regulations 15.2.2.

Ammonia (7664-41-7)

Listed on the AICS (the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (IECSC)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemicals Substances) inventory.

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemical List) inventory.

Listed on New Zealand - Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed on Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law

Listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Listed on the AICS (the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (IECSC)
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemicals Substances) inventory.

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemical List) inventory.

Listed on New Zealand - Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed on Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

Listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

15.3. US State regulations

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes	Yes			

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

NFPA fire hazard

NFPA reactivity

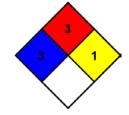
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 3		
` ' '			
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity, Category 1A		
Compressed gas	Gases under pressure : Compressed gas		
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1		
Flam. Gas 2	Flammable gases, Category 2		
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2		
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B		
H221	Flammable gas		
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour		
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated		
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage		
H318	Causes serious eye damage		
H331	Toxic if inhaled		
H350	May cause cancer		

NFPA health hazard : 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was

: 3 - Liquids and solids that can be ignited under almost all ambient conditions.

: 1 - Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures or may react with water with

some release of energy, but not violently.



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SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

This Material Safety Data Sheet is intended only as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material by a person trained in, or supervised by a person trained in, the safe handling of chemical materials. James Alexander Corporation (JAC), expressly disclaims all express or implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose with respect to the product or information provided herein. All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from the manufacturer(s) and/or recognized technical sources. While the information is believed to be accurate, JAC makes no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency. Conditions of use are beyond JAC's control and therefore, users are responsible to verify this data under their own operating conditions to determine whether the product is suitable for their particular purposes and they assume all risks of their use, handling, and disposal of the product, or from the publication or use of, or reliance upon, information contained herein. This information relates only to the product designated herein and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process.

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